



Time : 1 hour 30 Minute

STD 10 Social Studies
Chapter Based Test

Total Marks : 50

SECTION - A*** Multiple choice questions.****[7]**

- Any person, who can read and write in any Indian language, is known as.
(A) Illiterate. (B) Literate. (C) Semi-literate. (D) None of these.
- The best laws are those which empower people to carry out _____ reforms.
(A) Democratic (B) Economic (C) Legislative (D) Social
- _____ does not allow women to take part in public activities and there is no freedom of religion for minorities.
(A) Poland. (B) Saudi Arabia. (C) Ghana. (D) Myanmar.
- Foundational challenge does not involve which one of the following?
(A) Bringing down the existing non- democratic regimes.
(B) Strengthening of the institutions and practices of democracy.
(C) Keeping military away from controlling government.
(D) Working against a sovereign and functional state.
- Which of the following statements are true about the deepening of democracy faced by every democracy?
(A) This challenge takes different meanings and paths in different parts of the world.
(B) It usually means strengthening those institutions that help people's participation and control.
(C) This requires an attempt to bring down the control and influence of the rich and powerful people in making governmental decisions.
(D) All of the above statements are true.
- A _____ is a difficulty that carries within it an opportunity for progress?
(A) Problem (B) Challenge (C) Dispute (D) Issue
- There is a concern among international organisations that _____ disregards the decisions of the United Nations and takes unilateral actions.
(A) France (B) USA (C) U.K. (D) Russia

*** State Whether The Sentences Are True Or False.[1 Marks Each]****[1]**

- First priority of democracy is to form the government. (True/ False)

*** Answer The Following Questions In One Sentence.[1 Marks Each]****[7]**

- What is the first priority in a democracy?

10. Mention two points about which any proposal for political reforms should think.
11. Explain the meaning of democracy.
12. Explain the meaning of 'challenge.'
13. How do political parties bring democratic reforms?
14. What is a 'Challenge'?
15. If a non-democratic country wants to change into a democratic set up, then which kind of challenge would it face?

SECTION - B

*** VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS**

[8]

1. How can democracy be improved in practical form?
2. What are the challenges to democracy linked to the possibility of political reforms?
3. How could the influence of money be decreased in politics?
4. How can the principle of democracy be applied to all sphere of life?

SECTION - C

*** Answer The Following Questions In Short.[3 Marks Each]**

[12]

1. What does the challenge of deepening involve?
2. How would you like to expand the definition of democracy? Explain.
3. How democracy has been redefined? What positive points about democracy can highlight the definition?
4. "The Ho Chi Minh Trail became advantageous to Vietnamese in the war against U.S." Support the statements.

SECTION - D

*** Answer The Following Questions In Brief.[5 Marks Each]**

[15]

1. State one guideline which can be kept in mind while devising ways for political reforms in India.
2. Explain how democratic reforms can be achieved. Why is it important for us?
3. Discuss some ways and means for political reforms in India.

॥ ज्ञानं एव श्रमस्य पुंजः ॥