

Time : 1 hour 30 Minute


STD 10 Social Studies
Chapter Based Test

Total Marks : 50

SECTION - A

* Multiple choice questions.

[7]

- For development, people look at a mix of _____.
(A) Accountability. (B) Responsibilities. (C) Goals. (D) None of the above.
- Resources which will get exhausted after years of use are:
(A) Renewable resources. (B) Non-durable resources.
(C) Non-renewable resources. (D) Competing resources.
- Look at the picture below. What should be the developmental goals for such an area?

(A) Removing slums from this area.
(B) Resettling the poor in the outskirts of the city.
(C) Improving the living and sanitation conditions for the poor living in this area.
(D) Constructing multi storey buildings in this area.
- Which of the following neighbouring countries has better performance in terms of human development than India?
(A) Bangladesh. (B) Sri Lanka. (C) Nepal. (D) Pakistan.
- Nearlyof the country is overusing their groundwater reserves?
(A) Two-third. (B) One-third. (C) Half. (D) One fourth.
- Nepal has half the per capita income of India, yet it is not far behind India in:
(A) Literacy rate.
(B) Gross enrolment-ratio.
(C) Life expectancy and literacy levels.
(D) None of the above.
- The Developmental goal for a Landless agricultural labour is _____.
(A) More days of work and better wages.
(B) Assured a high family income through higher support prices for their crops.
(C) They should be able to settle their children abroad.
(D) Proper and developed Irrigational facilities for their crops.

* In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion [3]
(A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and chose the correct option:

- DIRECTION:** Mark the option which is most suitable:

- a. If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- b. If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- c. Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- d. Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are false.

Assertion (A): Different persons have different notions of development.

Reason (R): Each person seeks similar things. All persons seek things that are least important for them.

9. **DIRECTION:** Mark the option which is most suitable:

- a. If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- b. If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- c. Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- d. Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are false.

Assertion (A): Kerala has a low Infant Mortality Rate.

Reason (R): Kerala lacks the provision of basic health and educational facilities.

10. **DIRECTION:** Mark the option which is most suitable:

- a. If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- b. If both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
- c. Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- d. Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are false.

Assertion (A): Developmental goals that people are not only about better income but also about other important things in life.

Reason (R): A safe and secure environment may allow more women to take up a variety of jobs or run a business.

* **Fill In The Blanks With Correct Alternative.[1 Marks Each] [2]**

11. The two developmental goals of landless rural labourers are ____ and ____.

12. The level of efficiency and productivity is low in a ____ country.

* **Answer The Following Questions In One Sentence.[1 Marks Each] [3]**

13. What is National income?

14. What can be some of the developmental goals for your village, town or locality?

15. Is it true that money in your pocket cannot buy all the goods and services that you need to live well? Explain.

SECTION - B

* **VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS [2]**

- 1. Define the term 'economic development'. State the two bases of measuring economic development of a country.

SECTION - C

*** Answer The Following Questions In Short.[3 Marks Each]**

[15]

1. Which three development goals will you like to prescribe for rural labourers?
2. In what respects is the criterion used by the UNDP for measuring development different from the one used by the World Bank?
3. Describe the important aspects of our lives other than income.
4. What condition may allow women to take up a variety of jobs or run business?
5. Give some examples where factors other than income are important aspects of our lives.

SECTION - D

*** Answer The Following Questions In Brief.[5 Marks Each]**

[10]

1. Compare the level of development in India taking at least three states on the basis of various aspects other than income.
2. Explain the meaning of HDI. Mention three components of measuring HDI.

SECTION - E

*** CASE BASED QUESTIONS**

[8]

1. Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:

The availability of resources is a necessary condition for the development of any region, but mere availability of resources in the absence of corresponding changes in technology and institutions may hinder development. There are many regions in our country that are rich in resources but these are included in economically backward regions. On the contrary there are some regions which have a poor resource base but they are economically developed.

The history of colonisation reveals that rich resources in colonies were the main attractions for the foreign invaders. It was primarily the higher level of technological development of the colonising countries that helped them to exploit resources of other regions and establish their supremacy over the colonies. Therefore, resources can contribute to development only when they are accompanied by appropriate technological development and institutional changes. India has experienced all this in different phases of colonisation. Therefore, in India, development, in general, and resource development in particular does not only involve the availability of resources, but also the technology, quality of human resources and the historical experiences of the people.

Q.1. What is a necessary condition for the development of any region?

Q.2. What helped the colonial countries to exploit resources of their colonies?

Q.3. Why are some resource rich regions included in economically backward regions?

2. Read the source given below and answer the questions that follow :

Exhaustion of Natural Resources Look at the following data for crude oil:

Region/country	Reserve (2017) (Thousand Million Barrels)	Number of Years Reserves will last
Middle East	808	70

United States of America	50	10.5
World	1697	50.2

The table above gives an estimate of reserves of crude oil (column1). More important, it also tells us for how many years the stock of crude oil will last if people continue to extract it at the present rate. The reserves would last only 50 years for the world. However, different countries face different situations. Countries like India depend on importing oil from abroad because they do not have enough stocks of their own. There are countries like USA which have low reserves and hence want to secure oil through military or economic power. The question of sustainability of development raises many fundamentally new issues about the nature and process of development.

Q.1. Is crude oil essential for the development process in a country? Discuss.

Q.2. India has to import crude oil. What problems do you anticipate for the country looking at the above situation?

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